

Instructions/Instruktioner Cqure Tactile®

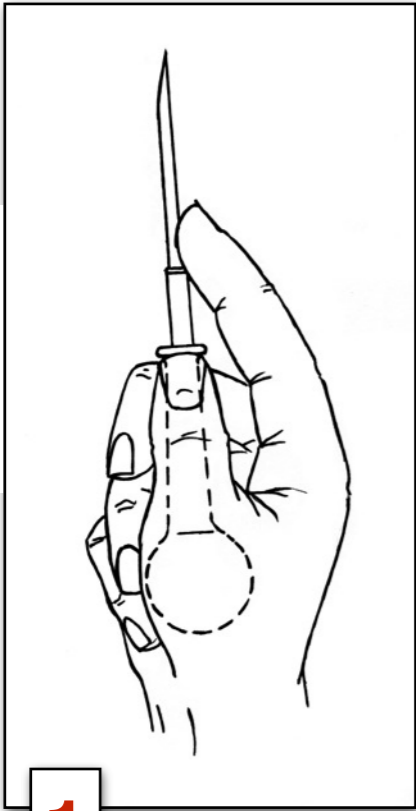


Depero

Cqure tactile

Swedish
English
German
Romanian
Greek

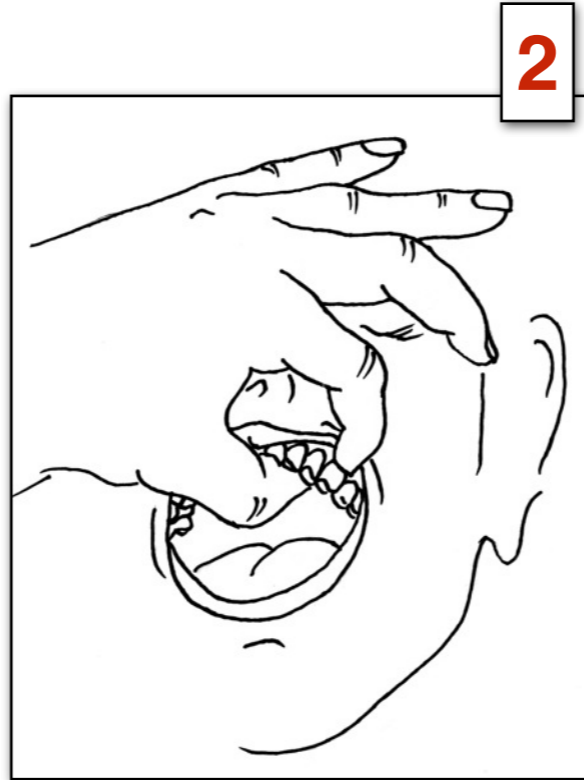
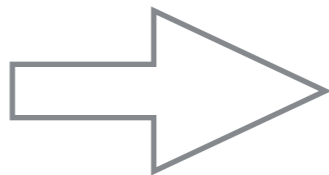
För bäst kontroll håll instrumenten enligt figur 1



1

Det är extremt viktigt att skydda vävnaden runt arbetsområdet.

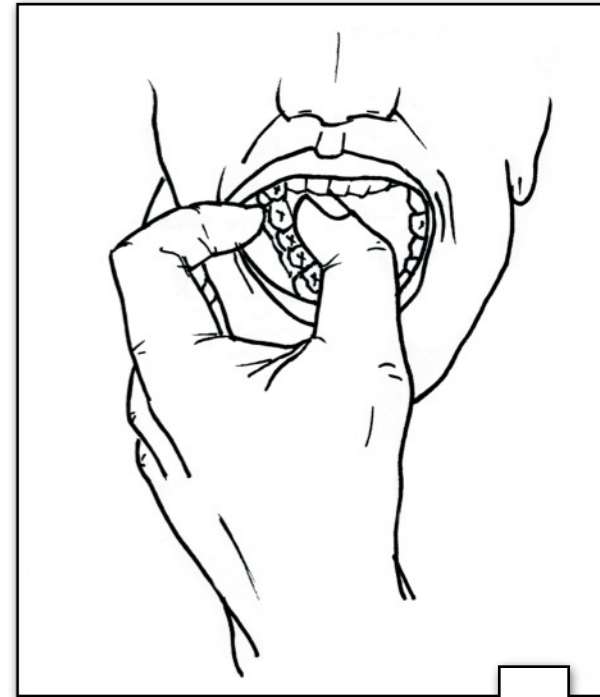
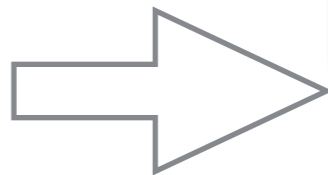
För ökad taktilitet under luxering, placera tumme och pekfinger från vänster hand runt Alveolarutskottet så som det illustreras i figur 2



2

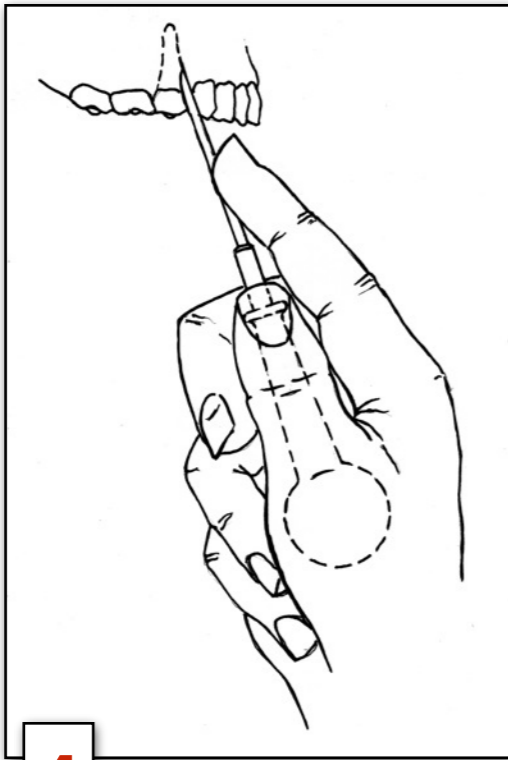
Vid extraktion i underkäke så är det viktigt att stabilisera käken för att undvika ökat tryck på käkleden.

Använd tredje, fjärde och femte fingrarna från vänster hand så som det illustreras på figur 3



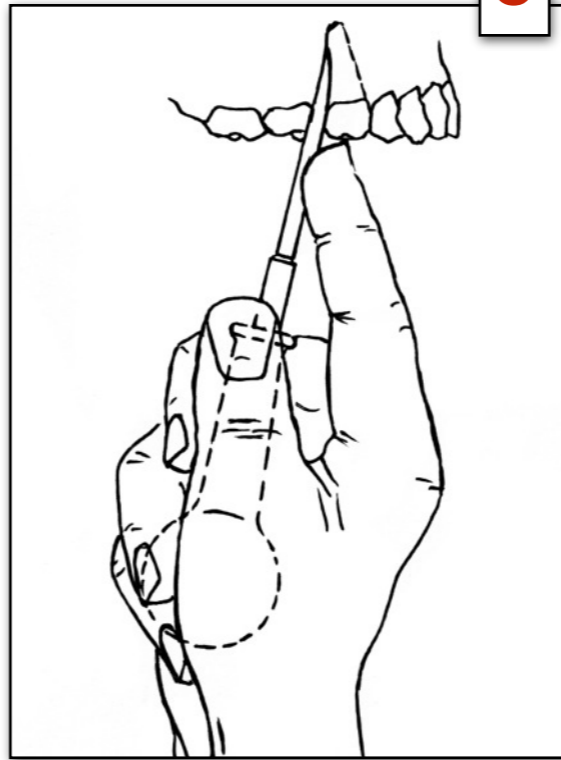
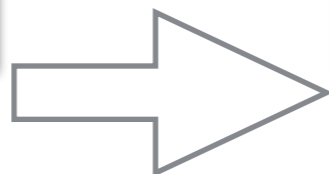
3

Placera spetsen av instrumentet i det peridontala utrymmet på den mesiala sidan av roten. Använd relativt stort tryck och små axiala rotationer (5-10°), för in instrumentet i periodontiet till 1 tredjedel av rotens längd så som det illustreras på figur 4



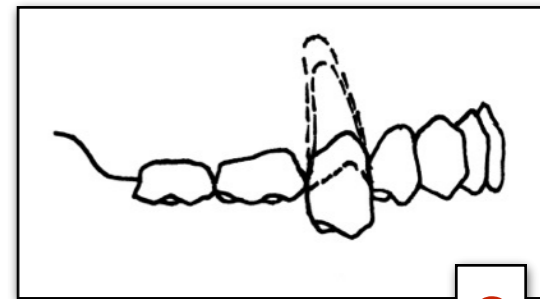
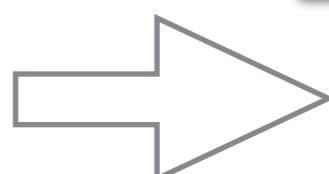
4

Om roten förblir stabil i Alveolarvallen så repeteras samma procedur på den distala sidan så som det illustreras på figur 5. Separera rötterna före extraktionen. Starta med mesiobukala roten.



5

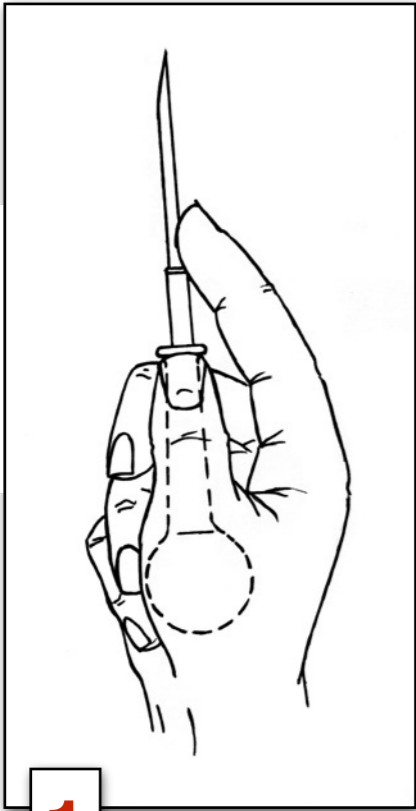
Efter både mesial och distal luxering så ska tanden vara förflyttad så som det illustreras på figur 6



6

Genom att tumme och pekfinger på vänster hand håller om Alveolarutskottet blir man genast varse en felaktig position av instrumentet

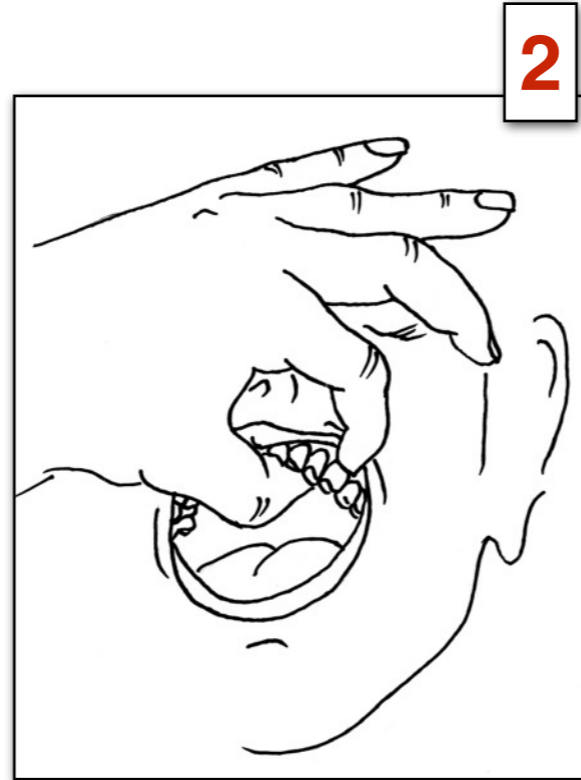
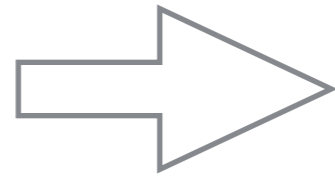
For best control hold the elevator as illustrated in figure 1



1

It is extremely important to protect tissue adjacent to the operative site

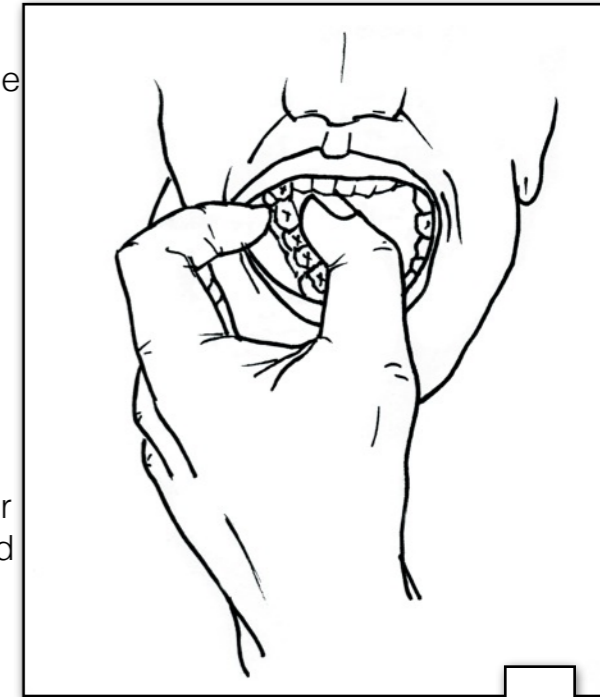
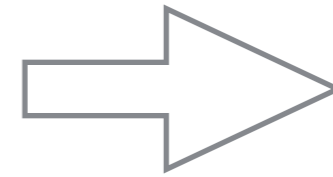
For increased tactility during luxation, place the thumb and index finger of the left hand around the alveolar ridge, as illustrated in figure 2



2

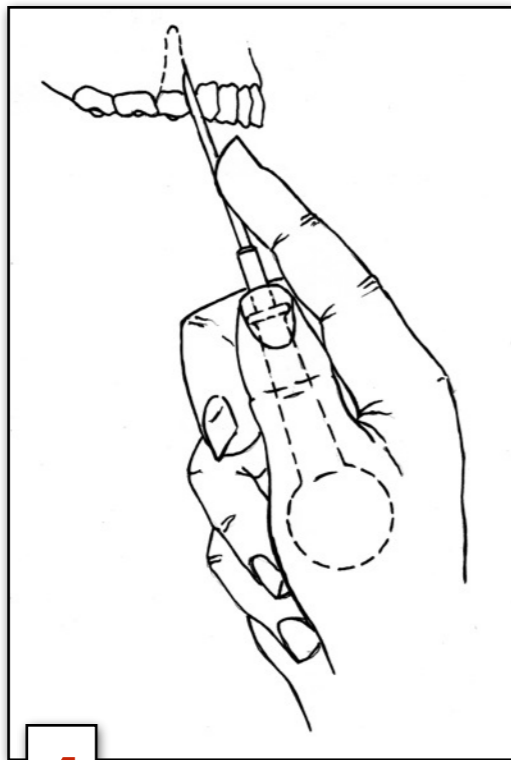
When extracting in the mandible it is important to stabilise the jaw to prevent excessive pressure on the temporo - mandibular joint

Use the third, fourth and fifth finger of your left hand as illustrated in figure 3



3

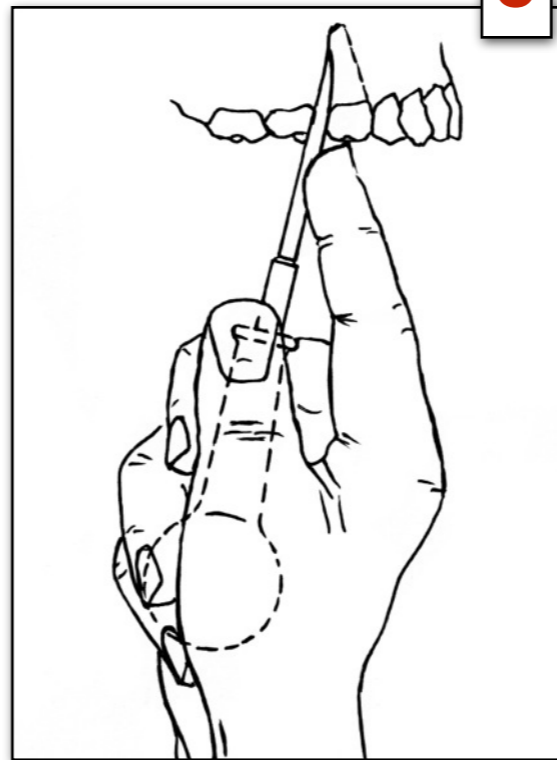
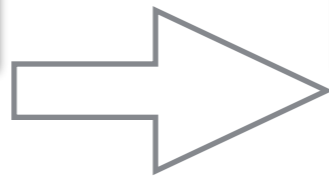
Place the tip of the elevator in the periodontal space on the medial side of the root. Using relatively strong pressure and small axial rotations (5-10°) insert the elevator into the periodontium to two-thirds the length of the root, as illustrated in figure 4



4

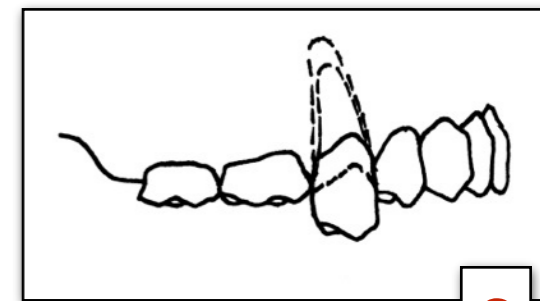
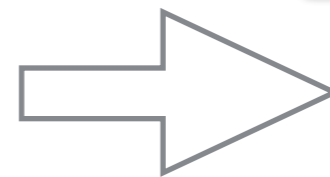
If the root remains firm, the same procedure is repeated on the distal side

Separate the roots before extraction, start with the mesiobuccal root



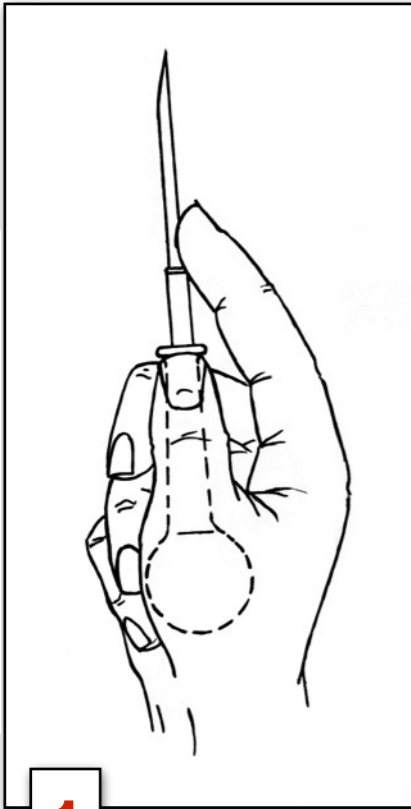
5

After medial and distal luxation the tooth should be dislodged, as illustrated in figure 6



6

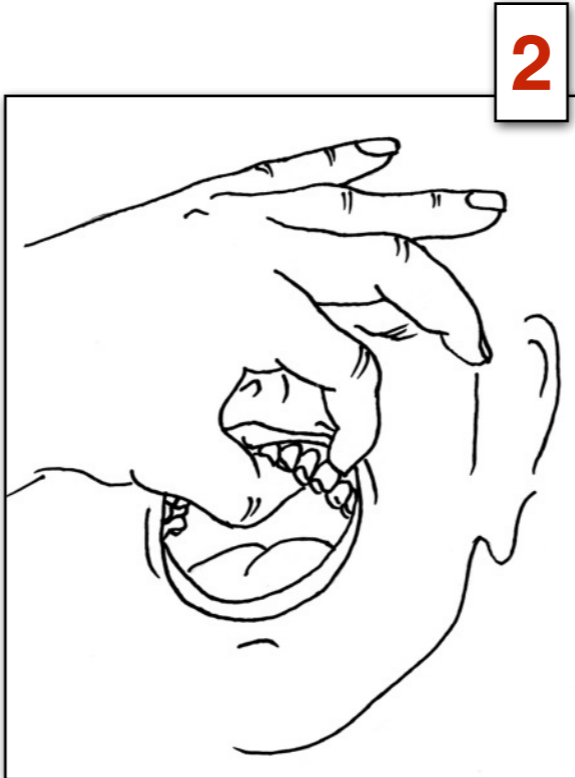
Because of the tactile sensations in the thumb and index finger of your left hand, any dislocation of the elevator will be evident immediately



1

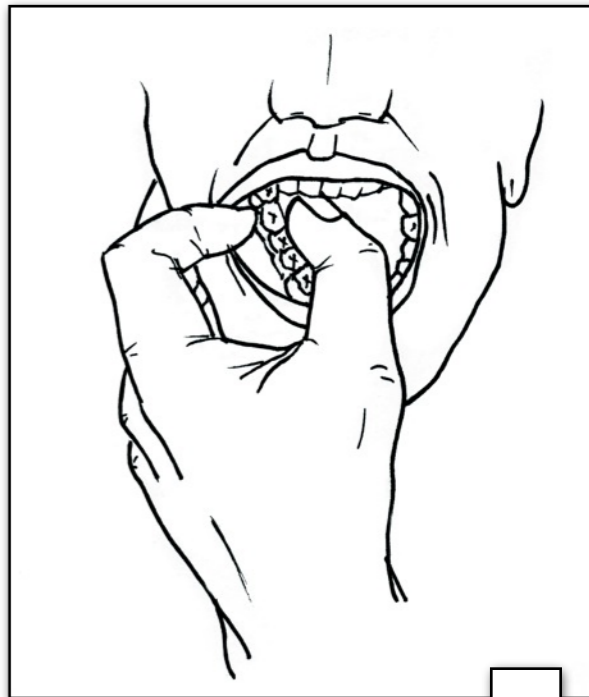
Für beste Kontrolle halten Sie das Instrument wie in Abbildung 1 gezeigt

Es ist besonders wichtig das Gewebe um den Arbeitsbereich herum zu schützen.
Für bessere Fühlbarkeit während der Entfernung legen Sie Daumen und Zeigefinger der linken Hand um den Zahndamm wie in Abbildung 2 gezeigt



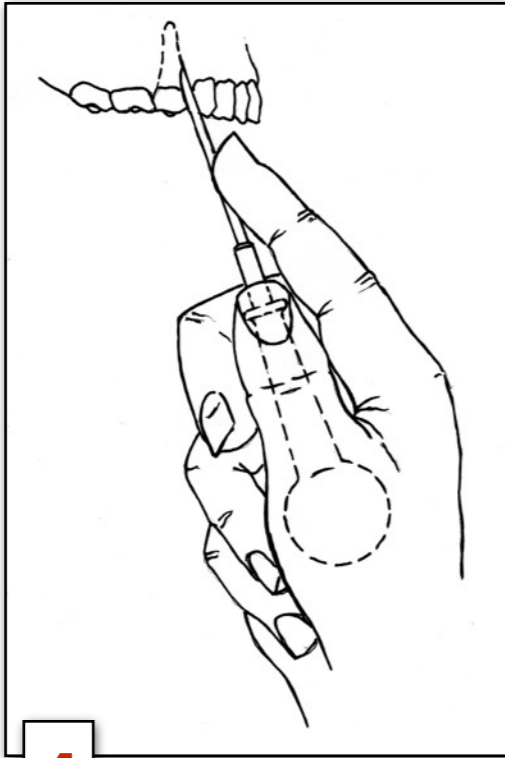
2

Bei Entfernungen im Unterkiefer ist es wichtig den Unterkiefer zu stabilisieren, um Druck auf das Kiefergelenk zu vermeiden. Nutzen Sie den dritten, vierten und fünften Finger der linken Hand wie in Abbildung 3 gezeigt.



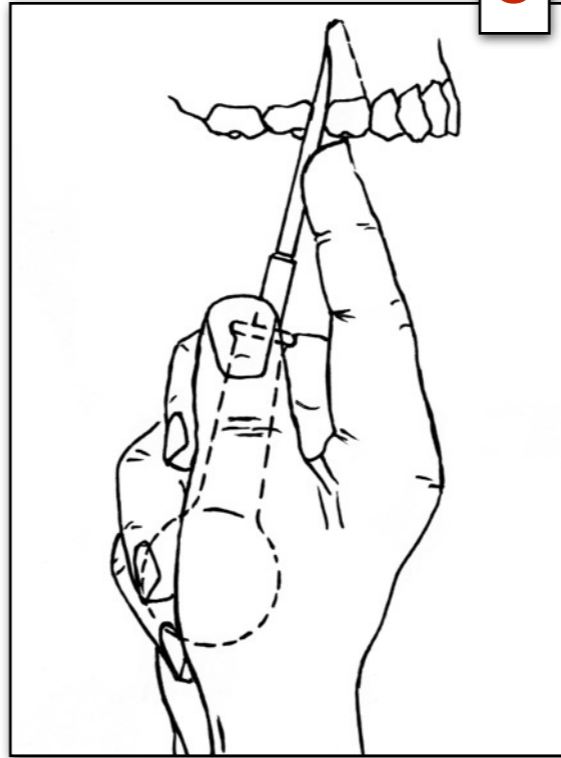
3

Positionieren Sie die Spitze des Instrument im Zahnzwischenraum auf der mesialen Seite der Wurzel. Üben Sie relativ starken Druck aus, und führen Sie kleine axiale Rotationen aus (5-10°). Führen Sie das Instrument in die Wurzelhaut bis zu einem Drittel der Länge der Wurzel wie in Abbildung 4 gezeigt
Da Daumen und Zeigefinger der linken Hand um den Zahndamm gelegt sind, wird eine fehlerhafte Position des Instruments sofort spürbar



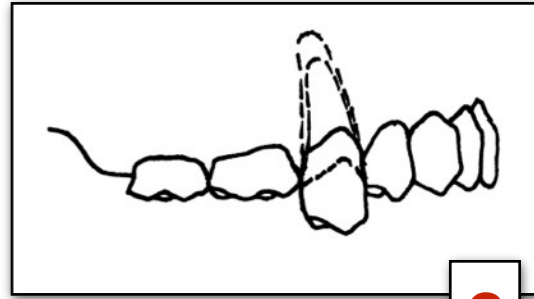
4

Wenn die Wurzel im Zahndamm stabil bleibt, wird die gleiche Prozedur auf der distalen Seite wie in Abbildung 5 gezeigt wiederholt. Trennen Sie die Wurzeln vor der Auslösung. Beginnen Sie mit der mesiobukalen Wurzel.



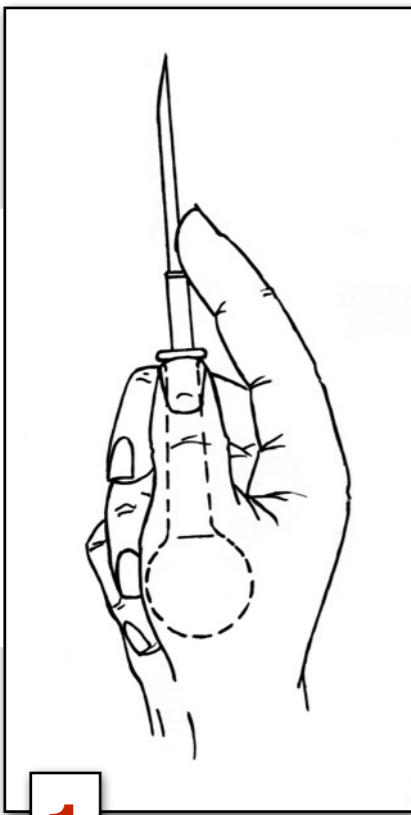
5

Nach mesialer und distaler Ablösung kann der Zahn wie in Abbildung 6 gezeigt entfernt werden



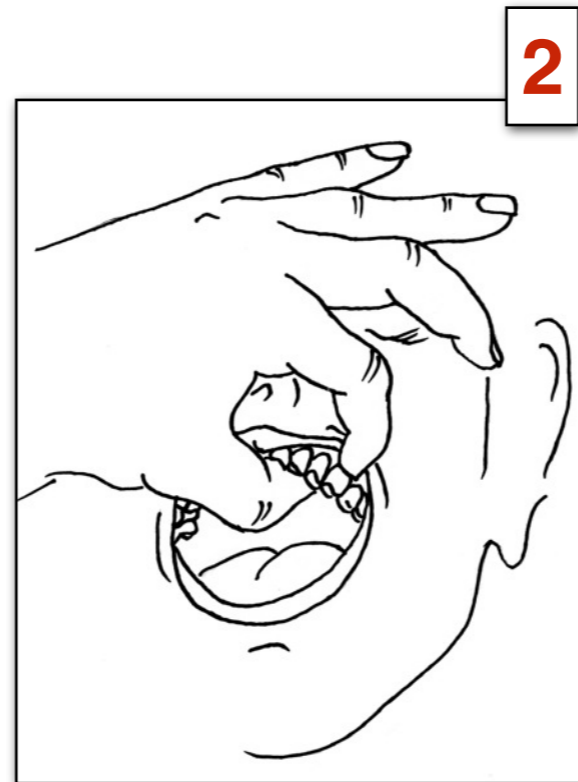
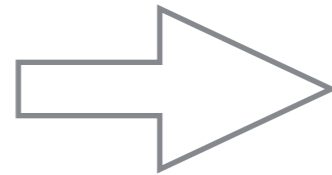
6

Pentru un control mai bun țineți instrumentul după cum arată figura 1.



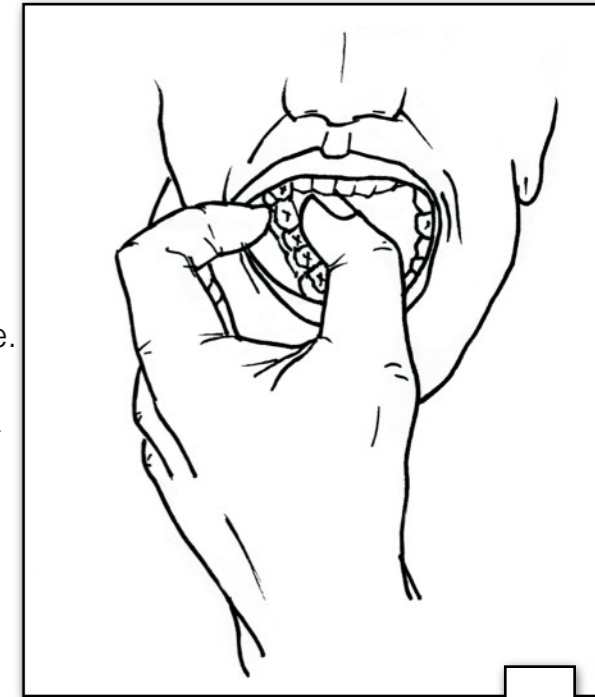
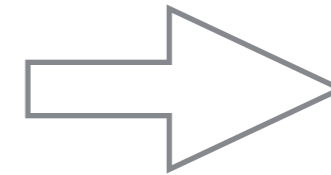
1

Este extrem de important a proteja tesutul din jurul zonei de lucru. Pentru tactilitate sporită în timpul dislocării, puneți degetul mare și arătătorul de la mâna stângă în jurul crestei alveolare, după cum arată figura 2.



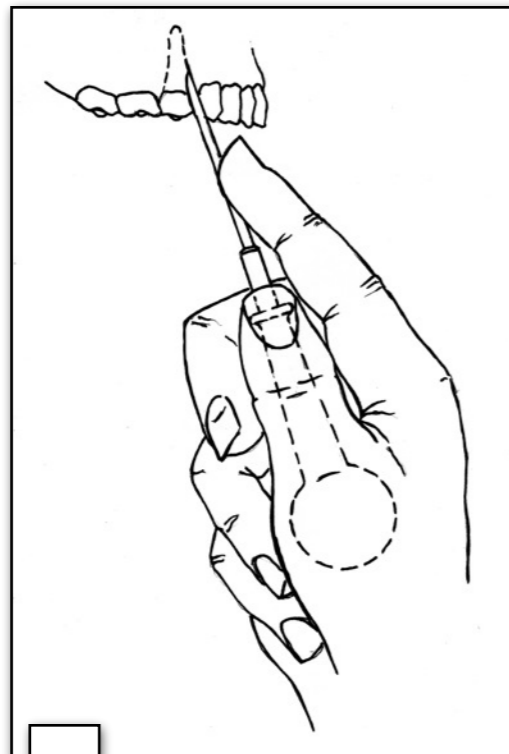
2

La extracția maxilarului inferior, este important să se stabilizeze maxilarul, pentru a se evita creșterea presiunii asupra articulației temporo-mandibulare. Utilizați al treilea, al patrulea și al cincilea deget de la mâna stângă, după cum arată figura 3.



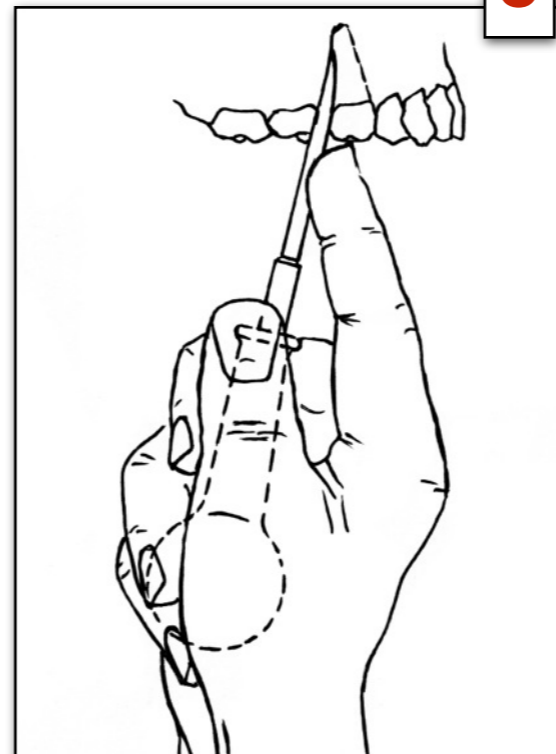
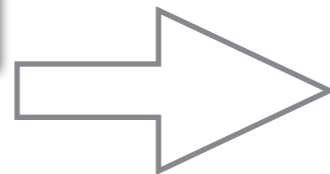
3

Puneți vârful instrumentului în spațiul periodontal, pe partea mesială a rădăcinii. Utilizați presiune relativ ridicată și rotații axiale mici ($5-10^\circ$), introduceți instrumentul în ligamentul periodontal la o treime din lungimea rădăcinii după cum arată Figura 4. Dacă degetul mare și arătătorul de la mâna stângă țin proeminența alveolara, imediat se conștientizează poziția incorectă a instrumentului



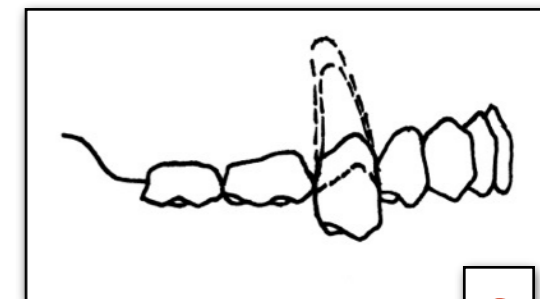
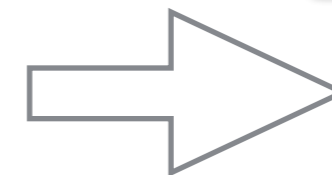
4

Dacă rădăcina este stabilă în calea alveolară se va repeta aceeași procedură în partea opusă după cum arată Figura 5. A se separa rădăcinile înainte de extracție. Începeți cu rădăcina mezio bucală.



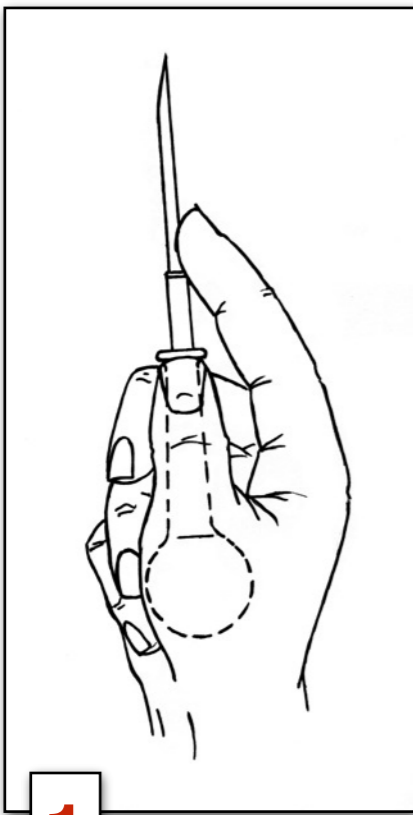
5

După dislocarea mezială și distală dintele va fi mutat după cum arată figura 6.



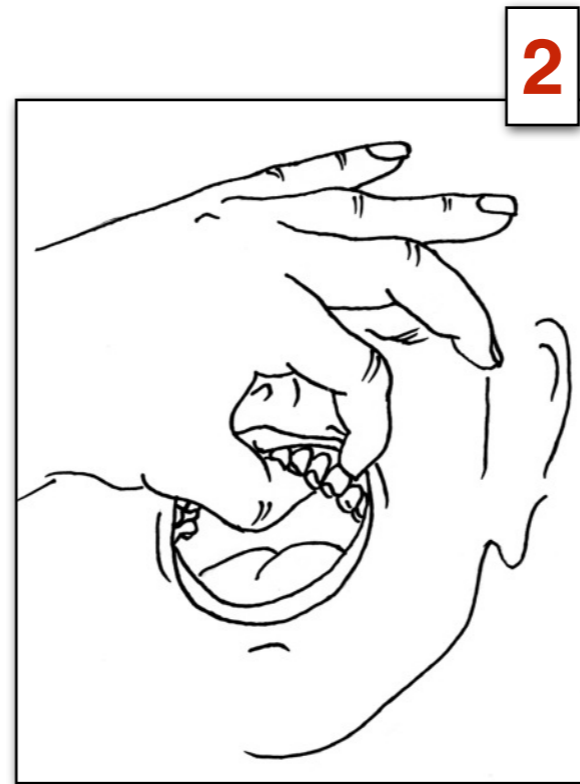
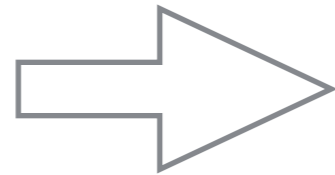
6

Για βέλτιστο έλεγχο, κρατήστε το εργαλείο με τον τρόπο που παρουσιάζεται στην Εικόνα 1



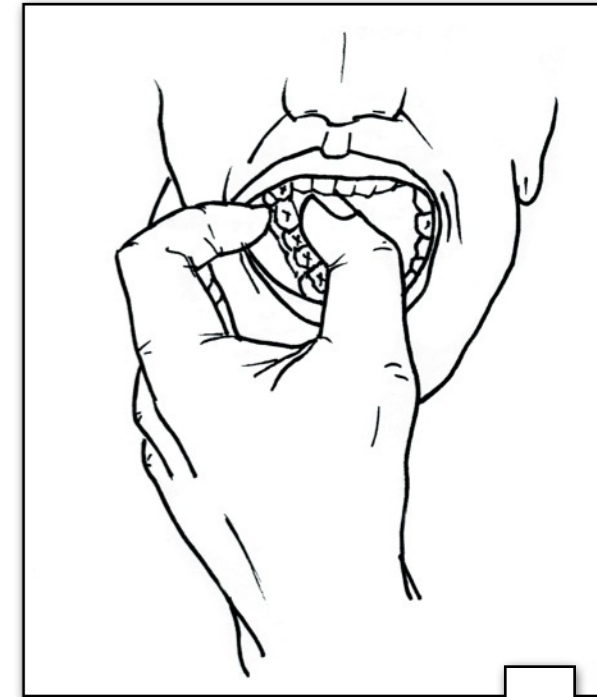
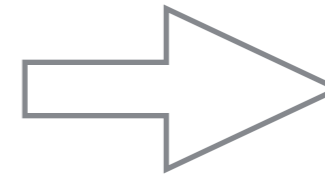
1

Η προστασία του ιστού γύρω από το σημείο εργασίας είναι εξαιρετικά σημαντική. Για βελτιωμένη αφή κατά την εξαγωγή, τοποθετήστε τον αντίχειρα και τον δείκτη του αριστερού χεριού γύρω από τη φατνιακή ακρολοφία, όπως απεικονίζεται στην Εικόνα 2



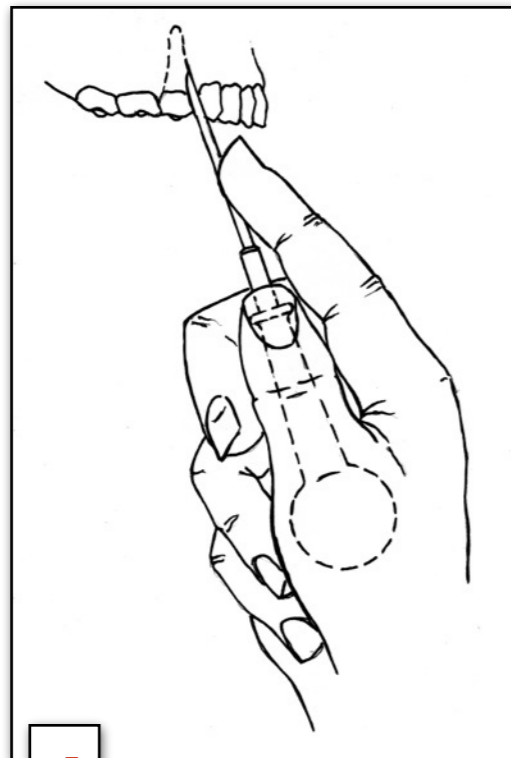
2

Κατά την εξαγωγή από την κάτω σιαγόνα, είναι σημαντικό να σταθεροποιηθεί το σαγόκι προκειμένου να αποφευχθεί η αυξημένη πίεση στην κροταφογναθική άρθρωση. Χρησιμοποιήστε το μεσαίο, το παράμεσο και το μικρό δάχτυλο του αριστερού χεριού, όπως φαίνεται στην Εικόνα 3



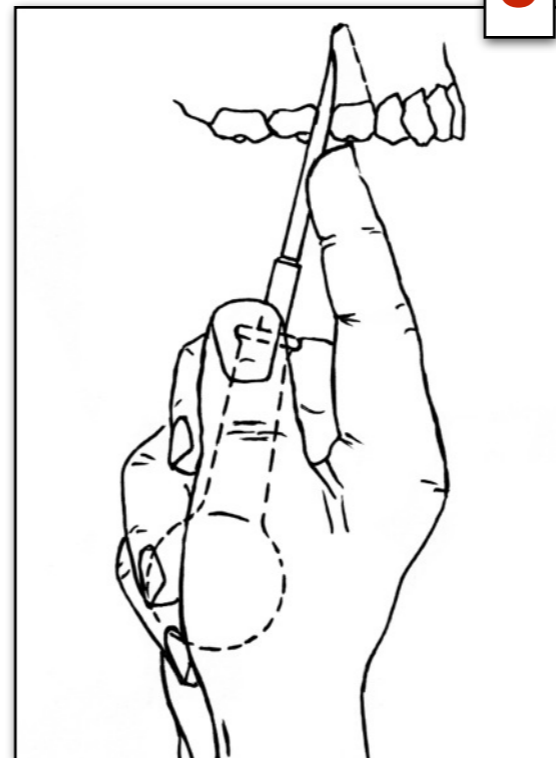
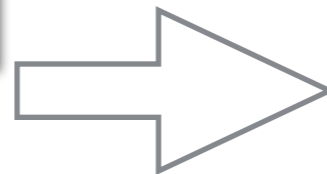
3

Τοποθετήστε το άκρο του εργαλείου στον περιοδοντικό χώρο στην εγγύς πλευρά της ρίζας. Χρησιμοποιήστε σχετικά σταθερή πίεση και μικρές αξονικές περιστροφές (5-10°) για να εισάγετε το εργαλείο κατά το ένα τρίτο του μήκους της ρίζας μέσα στο περιοδόντιο, όπως απεικονίζεται στην Εικόνα 4



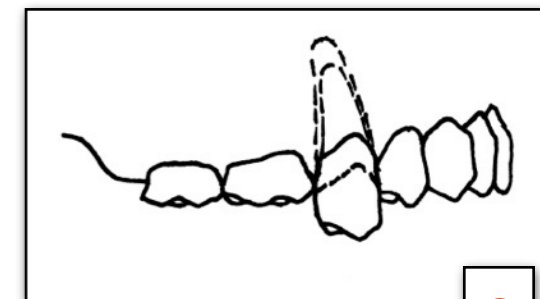
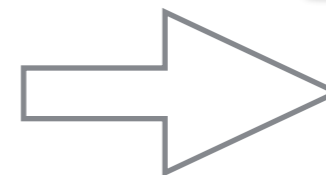
4

Αν η ρίζα παραμένει σταθερή στη φατνιακή ακρολοφία επαναλάβετε την ίδια διαδικασία στην άνω πλευρά όπως απεικονίζεται στην Εικόνα 5. Διαχωρίστε τις ρίζες πριν από την εξαγωγή. Αρχίστε με την εγγύς παρειακή ρίζα.



5

Μετά από την εγγύς και την άνω εξάρθρωση, το δόντι μπορεί να εξαχθεί όπως απεικονίζεται στην Εικόνα 6



6

Κρατώντας τη φατνιακή ακρολοφία μεταξύ του αντίχειρα και του δείκτη του αριστερού χεριού, θα αντιληφθείτε αμέσως τυχόν λανθασμένη τοποθέτηση του εργαλείου

Manufactured by Depro AB**Working part:** Hardened swedish steel**Steel hardness:** 54 Rockwell**Handle:** Anodised Aluminium**Handle Design:** Ulf Hanses**Cleaning in washer/disinfector:**

Washer/disinfectors usually operate within the following temperature ranges:

- Rinsing 40°C - 50°C
- Washing 50°C - 60°
- Disinfecting 70°C - 95°
- Final rinsing 80° - 90°C

Special care needs to be exercised in cleaning and sterilising these coated aluminium instruments. Do not clean in an ultrasonic unit. Clean by hand or in an automated washer with mild detergent that is lenient on aluminium (see detergent packaging). Sterilise in autoclave, chemiclave or dry heat under 350°F (177°C). Note: Anodised aluminium instruments, when sterilised with stainless steel instruments, may cause an adverse chemical reaction.

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Tillverkad av Depro AB**Arbetsdel** Härdad svenskt stål**Hårdhet Stål:** 54 Rockwell**Skafte:** Anodised Aluminium**Design:** Ulf Hanses**Rengöring diskdesinfektor:**

Diskdesinfektor arbetar vanligtvis under följande temperaturer:

- Sköljning 40°C - 50°C
- Tvätt 50°C - 60°
- Desinfektering 70°C - 95°
- Slutlig sköljning 80° - 90°C

Försiktighet bör iaktas vid rengöring av dessa aluminium klädda instrument. Rengör ej i ultraljudstvätt. Rengör för hand eller i automatisk maskin med mild diskmedel som är avsett för aluminium produkter (se diskmedel etikett). Sterilisera i autoclav eller torrhetta under 177C. OBS: Anodiserade aluminium instrument kan ha negativ kemisk reaktion vid sterilisering tillsammans med rostfritt stål.

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